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This result can be understood more simply by considering the torque as arising from a force of constant magnitude F , being applied perpendicularly to a lever arm at a distance r , as shown in the figure. This force will act through the distance along the circular arc $s = r\theta$, so the work done is $W = F s$. Introduce the torque $\tau = Fr$, to obtain $W = \tau \theta$, as presented above.